File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD,UM &UP=200624 (c) 2006 Thomson Derwent Set Items Description POINTER? ? OR ID? ? OR IDENTIFIER? ? OR IDENTIFICATION OR - ADDRESS??? OR LABEL? ? OR DESCRIPTOR? ? OR DESIGNATION? ? OR -665092 s1 DESIGNATOR? ? S1(7N)(PORT?, ? OR INTERFACE? ? OR SOCKET? ? OR ADAPTER? ? -**S2** OR ADAPTOR? ? OR CONNECTOR? ? OR PLUG? ? OR JACK? ?) (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-S3. ??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS)(1W)(POINT? ? OR NODE? ? OR ELEMENT? ? OR UNIT? ? OR DEVICE? ? OR GATEWAY? ? OR ROUTER? ? OR SWITCH? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR SERVER? ?) (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS)(1w)(PC? ? OR COMPUTER? ? **S4** OR EQUIPMENT? ? OR BOX?? OR HARDWARE OR MACHINE) 2743 S1(7N)S3:S4 (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED **S6** 8273 OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR FALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT) (5N) (PATH? ? OR PATHWAY? ? OR CONDUIT? ? OR TRAIL? ? OR LINK? ? OR CHANNEL? ? OR TUNNEL? ? OR PASSA-(INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED **S7** OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT) (5N) (PASSAGEWAY? ? OR ROUTE? ? OR COU-RSE? ?) (TRAFFIC OR FLOW OR MESSAGE OR PACKET? ? OR FRAME? ? OR NE-**S8** TWORK)(5N)(CAPABILIT??? OR ABILIT??? OR SLA OR SERVICE()LEVEL-()AGREEMENT? ? OR CAPACITY OR BANDWIDTH OR BAND()WIDTH OR CON-GESTION OR LATENCY OR RATE OR DATARATE OR SPEED) \$2 AND \$5 AND \$6:\$7 AND \$8 59 S2 AND S5 AND S6:S7 **S10** S2 AND S5 AND S8 **S11** 6 **S12** 0 S2 AND S3:S4 AND S6:S7 AND S8 0 S2 AND S3:S4 AND S6:S7 **S13** S5 AND S6:S7 AND S8 **S14** ·S15 S11 OR S14

File 347: JAPIO Dec 1976-2005/Dec(Updated 060404)

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(Item 1 from file: 350)
15/5/1
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
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017238892 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-562518/200557
XRPX ACC NO: NO5-461171
                                                    router for internet, has label
  Multi-protocol label
                              switching edge
    information table storage unit to store information to route label
  packet to internet protocol network and interface information to
  transmit packet to nexthop
Patent Assignee: CHOE B (CHOE-I); KIM J (KIMJ-I); PARK Y (PARK-I)
Inventor: CHOE B; KIM J; PARK Y
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
                 Kind
Patent No
                                   Applicat No
                                                      Kind
                          Date
                                                              Date
                                                                          week
us 20050169264 A1 20050804 us 200420128
                                                             20041227
                                                                          200557 B
                                                        Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 20045857 A 20040129
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                              Main IPC
                                             Filing Notes
                          ŽO HO4L-012/56
US 20050169264 A1
Abstract (Basic): US 20050169264 A1
NOVELTY - The router has a label information table storage unit
     (808) to store nexthop information to route a label packet to an
     internet protocol (IP) network and interface information to transmit
     the packet to a nexthop. A multi-protocol label switching forwarding
     engine deletes a label by accessing the storage unit and searching the
     interface information. An IP packet is transmitted to an interface on
     receiving the label packet.
          DETAÏLED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the
     following:
          (A) a method of controlling a multi-protocol label switching
             router
          (B) a program storage device with a program of instructions
     executable by the machine to perform a method of controlling a
          i-protocol label switching edge router.
USE - Used in an internet for operating an interior gateway
     multi-protocol
     protocol and a border gateway protocol.

ADVANTAGE - The label information table storage unit stores nexthop information to route the label packet to the internet protocol (IP) network and interface information to transmit the label packet to
     the nexthop, thus reducing multiple look-up loading on transmitting the
     label packet to the IP network. The router thus reduces delay in a real
      packet transfer and achieves high speed
                                                            packet switching of a
     multiprotocol label switching.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a block diagram of a
     multiprotocol label switching forwarding engine.
Packet reception unit (801)
Forwarding control unit (802)
          Packet transmission unit (803)
          Out segment table search unit (806)
          Label information table storage unit (808)
          pp; 20 DwgNo 8/9
Title Terms: MULTI; PROTOCOL; LABEL; SWITCH; EDGE; ROUTER; LABEL; INFORMATION; TABLE; STORAGE; UNIT; STORAGE; INFORMATION; ROUTE; LABEL; PACKET; PROTOCOL; NETWORK; INTERFACE; INFORMATION; TRANSMIT; PACKET Dervent Class: T01; W01
International Patent Class (Main): H04L-012/56
File Segment: EPI
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15/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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(c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
016709867
               **Image available**
WPI ACC No: 2005-034142/200504
XRPX Acc No: NO5-029883
  Wireless payment system in e.g. parking lot, acquires individual identification from vehicle equipment and permits approach of vehicle
without waiting for credit determination result from center apparatus, when vehicle is at inlet port
Patent Assignee: MATSUSHITA DENKI SANGYO KK (MATU )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
                Kind
                        Date
                                  Applicat No
                                                   Kind
                                                            Date
                                                                      week
                                                                     200504 B
                      20041209 JP 2003143036
                                                          20030521
JP 2004348321 A
                                                     Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2003143036 A 20030521
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                             Main IPC
                                           Filing Notes
                       13 G07B-015/00
JP 2004348321 A
Abstract (Basic): JP 2004348321 A
         NOVELTY - An inlet port roadside machine (100) acquires
    individual identification ( ID ) from vehicle equipment (500) and
    permits approach of a vehicle (400) without waiting for credit
    determination result from a center apparatus (300), when vehicle is at
    the inlet port. When vehicle approaches the exit, ID is acquired again by an exit roadside machine (200). Payment is determined based on individual ID and credit determination result.
         DETAILED DESCRIPTION - AN INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for
     roadside machine for wireless payment.
         USE - For charge payment for parking lot, toll road, petrol refuel
    station.
    ADVANTAGE - Traffic congestion is prevented as there is no need to wait at the entrance for credit determination result.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a conceptual diagram
    of the wireless payment system. (Drawing includes non-English language
    text).
         inlet port roadside machine (100)
         exit roadside machine (200)
         center apparatus (300)
         vehicle (400)
         vehicle equipment (500)
         pp; 13 DwgNo 1/7
Title Terms: WIRELESS; PAY; SYSTEM; PARK; LOT; ACQUIRE; INDIVIDUAL;
  IDENTIFY; VEHICLE; EQUIPMENT; PERMIT; APPROACH; VEHICLE; WAIT; CREDIT;
  DETERMINE; RESULT; APPARATUS; VEHICLE; INLET; PORT
Derwent Class: T04; T05; T07; W02
International Patent Class (Main): G07B-015/00
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/60; G06K-017/00
File Segment: EPI
 15/5/3
              (Item 3 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
               **Image available**
016198985
WPI ACC No: 2004-356871/200433
XRPX ACC No: N04-285427
  Mobile node enabling method in communication network, involves
  determining interface identifier associated with new access
   and obtaining interface information on new access
                                                                     router
                       router using
                                         identifier
Patent Assignee: NOKIA CORP (OYNO ); KOODLI R (KOOD-I); PERKINS C E
  (PERK-I); NOKIA INC (OYNO
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Inventor: KOODLI R; PERKINS C E
Number of Countries: 107 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:
Patent No
                Kind
                        Date
                                  Applicat No
                                                   Kind
                                                           Date
                                                                      Week
                                  us 2002293952
                                                                      200433
us 20040092264
                       20040513
                                                           20021112
                                                      Α
                  Α1
                      20040527
                                  wo 2003IB4463
                                                         20031009
                                                                     200435
wo 200445081
                 Α2
                                                    Α
                                                                     200472
                      20040603
                                  AU 2003269320
                                                         20031009
AU 2003269320
                Α1
                                                    Α
                                  EP 2003751099
                                                         20031009
                                                                     200552
EP 1561353
                      20050810
                                                    Α
                 Α2
                                  WO 2003IB4463
                                                         20031009
                                                    Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002293952 A 20021112
Patent Details.
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC
20040002264 A1 8 H04Q-007/20
                                           Filing Notes
                           H04B-000/00
WO 200445081 A2 E
   Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL
   IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI
   NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG
   UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB
   GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ
   UG ZM ZW
                           H04Q-007/20
                                           Based on patent WO 200445081 Based on patent WO 200445081
AU 2003269320 A1
                           H04Q-007/20
               A2 E
EP 1561353
   Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB
   GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR
Abstract (Basic): US 20040092264 A1
       NOVELTY - An interface identifier associated with a new access router (NR) is determined. Interface information on the new access
     router is obtained from the current access
                                                          router (CR) using the
    determined identifier
         DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the
    following:
         (1) system for enabling mobile node; and
          (2) method for communicating between mobile node and current access
    router.
         USE - For enabling mobile node such as wireless device in wireless
     communication network such as internet, to undergo hand-over from
    current access router (CR) to new access router (NR).

ADVANTAGE - The capabilities of the network interface are identified before hand-over. Hence efficient hand-over is achieved and
    the load of the current router is reduced.
         DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart
    explaining the network interface capability acquisition process.
         pp; 8 DwgNo 3/3
Title Terms: MOBILE; NODE; ENABLE; METHOD; COMMUNICATE; NETWORK; DETERMINE;
  INTERFACE; IDENTIFY; ASSOCIATE; NEW; ACCESS; ROUTER; OBTAIN; INTERFACE;
INFORMATION; NEW; ACCESS; ROUTER; CURRENT; ACCESS; ROUTER; IDENTIFY Derwent Class: W01; W02
International Patent Class (Main): HO4B-000/00; HO4Q-007/20
File Segment: EPI
              (Item 4 from file: 350)
 15/5/4
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
015599906
               **Image available**
WPI ACC No: 2003-662061/200362
XRPX Acc No: N03-528333
  ATM based multi protocol label switching-label
                                                                edge
                                                                        router
  system, has input forwarding engines transmitting Internet protocol and switching packets received through line interface modules without being
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connected to modules
Patent Assignee: LG ELECTRONICS INC (GLDS )
Inventor: KĬM Y; KIM Y G; KIM Y K
Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 006
Patent Family:
                       Date Applicat No 20030710 US 2002327909
                                                   Kind
                                                                     week
Patent No
                                                           Date
                Kind
US 20030128688 A1
                                                          20021226
                                                                     200362
                                                     Α
                                                         20021226
                                 CN 2002159375
                                                                    200363
CN 1430389
                      20030716
                 Α
                      20030702
                                 KR 200185291
                                                         20011226
                                                                    200377
KR 2003054860
                 Α
                                                    Α
                                 KR 200185291
                                                         20011226
                                                                    200425
                      20031218
KR 411596
                                                    Α
                 В
                                 KR 200266599
                                                         20021030
                                                                    200459
KR 2004038991
                      20040510
                                                    Α
                 Α
CN 1175633
                      20041110
                                 CN 2002159375
                                                         20021226
                                                                    200617
Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 200266599 A 20021030; KR 200185291
  A 20011226
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC US 20030128688 A1 20 H04L-012/28
                                           Filing Notes
                          H04L-012/56
CN 1430389
KR 2003054860 A
                          H04L-012/28
KR 411596
                          H04L-012/28
                                           Previous Publ. patent KR 2003054860
KR 2004038991 A
                          H04L-012/28
                          H04L-012/56
CN 1175633
Abstract (Basic): US 20030128688 A1
       NOVELTY - The multi protocol label switching (MPLS) - label erouter (LER) system has many line interfaces (LIMS) (21-1,21-2)
    configured to process asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) traffic by
    matching it with an Internet protocol (IP) equipment and label
    switching router (LSR). The input forwarding engines (FES) (22-1,22-2)
    are configured to transmit IP and MPLS packet received through each LIM
    without being connected to them.
         DETAILED DESCRIPTION - AN INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a
    method for establishing connections of an ATM based MPLS-LER system.
         USE - Used for establishing connections in computer networks e.g.
    Internet:
        ADVANTAGE - The MPLS-LER system improves the transmission
    capability across the network. The FES limits additional connections
    that need to be made within the system hence repair and maintenance of
    the connections can be done easily.
         DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing illustrates the structure
    of an ATM based MPLS-LER system.
         LIMS (21-1,21-2)
FES. (22-1,22-2)
         pp; 20 DwgNo 6/12
Title Terms: ATM; BASED; MULTI; PROTOCOL; LABEL; SWITCH; LABEL; EDGE; ROUTER; SYSTEM; INPUT; FORWARDING; ENGINE; TRANSMIT; PROTOCOL; SWITCH;
PACKET; RECEIVE; THROUGH; LINE; INTERFACE; MODULE; CONNECT; MODULE Derwent Class: T01; W01
International Patent Class (Main): H04L-012/28; H04L-012/56
International Patent Class (Additional): H04L-012/24; H04L-012/26;
  H04L-029/02
File Segment: EPI
 15/5/5
              (Item 5 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
015255697
               **Image available**
WPI ACC NO: 2003-316626/200331
Related WPI Acc No: 2003-169774
XRPX ACC NO: NO3-252172
  Image capturing apparatus for trunk road combines single image frames
  sequentially for viewing and simulation of continuous motion along
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selected path
Patent Assignee: HEWLETT-PACKARD CO (HEWP )
Inventor: CHEATLE S P; HALL G P; HUNTER A A; POLLARD S B Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
                  Kind
                                     Applicat No
                                                        Kind
                                                                 Date
                                                                            Week
Patent No
                          Date
                                    GB 200214820
GB 200214820
GB 2378605
                        20030212
                                                               20020627
                                                                           200331
                                                         Α
                   Α
GB 2378605
                        20031231
                                                               20020627
                                                                           200403
Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 200116300 A 20010704
Patent Details:
                               Main IPC
                                               Filing Notes
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                       18 H04N-007/18
GB 2378605
                Α
                 В
                             H04N-007/18
GB 2378605
Abstract (Basic): GB 2378605 A
          NOVELTY - Apparatus comprises image capture devices (10) spaced
     along routes that may branch, join or cross, means for selecting a navigation path, and means for sequentially combining image frames to simulate motion along the selected navigation path. Further routes can
     be selected while motion along the partial navigation path is being
     simulated and the user can input path end points. Progress of a person
     or object along the routes can be tracked and a single image frame
     captured by a sequence of capture devices is combined sequentially and viewed at a predetermined frame rate to simulate continuous motion
                                                rate to simulate continuous motion
     along the selected navigation path. The frames are interpolated, audio
     data can be provided, capture devices can be addressed independently and a website access point (12) can take the frames.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - There are INDEPENDENT CLAIMS for:
          (1) A route-finding apparatus
          (2) A method of providing an image sequence
          USE - Apparatus is for surveillance cameras along trunk roads for
     monitoring traffic conditions.
     ADVANTAGE - Apparatus enables selection of parts of a route and supports arbitrary and unlimited end-to-end navigation. It enables journeys to be planned and rehearsed
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the image capture
     apparatus
          image capture devices (10)
          website access point (12)
          pp; 18 DwgNo 1/1
Title Terms: IMAGE; CAPTURE; APPARATUS; TRUNK; ROAD; COMBINATION; SINGLE;
IMAGE; FRAME; SEQUENCE; VIEW; SIMULATE; CONTINUOUS; MOTION; SELECT; PATH
Derwent Class: T07; W02; X22
International Patent Class (Main): HO4N-007/18
File Segment: EPI
                (Item 6 from file: 350)
 15/5/6
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
014470610
                **Image available**
WPI ACC No: 2002-291313/200233
Related WPI Acc No: 2001-607574; 2001-611566; 2001-656881; 2002-010623; 2002-010653; 2002-010654; 2002-238656; 2002-238658; 2002-267472; 2002-280023; 2002-303164; 2002-350881; 2002-434216
XRPX ACC No: NO2-227455
  Router operating method for network access devices, involves forwarding packet directly to network, and after encapsulation to network, based on
  comparison of packet source address and subscribers ID address
Patent Assignee: GARRETT J W (GARR-I); KALMANEK C R (KALM-I); MURPHY L E
   (MURP-I); NGUYEN H Q (NGUY-I); RAMAKRISHNAN K K (RAMA-I)
Inventor: GARRETT J W; KALMANEK C R; MURPHY L E; NGUYEN H Q; RAMAKRISHNAN K
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
```

Patent Family: Applicat No Kind week Patent No Kind Date Date 20000320 200233 US 20020016855 A1 20020207 US 2000190633 us 2000190636 Р 20000320 us 2001812509 20010320

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001812509 A 20010320; US 2000190633 P 20000320; US 2000190636 P 20000320 Patent Details: Main IPC Filing Notes Patent No Kind Lan Pg 11 G06F-015/173 Provisional application US 2000190633 us 20020016855 A1

Provisional application US 2000190636

Abstract (Basic): US 20020016855 A1

NOVELTY - The source address of the incoming packet is compared with the IP addreses allocated to subscribers of services provided by two operating service networks which are interfaced and not **interfaced** with the router respectively. When the **address** matches the address of one of the service network, packet is forwarded to the router in that network, and when the address matches the address of other network, packet is encapsulated and forwarded.

USE - For operating router in network access devices such as personal computer, information appliance, personal digital assistant, data-enabled wireless handset, and also access network architectures

such as DSL, wireless, satellite etc.

ADVANTAGE - Since addresses are allocated to network service providers, packets are transmitted from the network access device to appropriate service network. Packets traveling between network access devices connected to the same access network infrastructure, are forwarded directly between the devices in the access **network**, thereby bandwidth is reduced. Permits the dynamic allocation, assignment, and reassignment of IP addresses to several network access based on customer subscriptions to particular services. Allows service selection to be implemented without requiring network service providers to connect physical facilities into, for e.g. cable head in HFC based network, thereby cost is reduced.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart of

router processing method.

pp; 11 DwgNo 3/6 Title Terms: ROUTER; OPERATE; METHOD; NETWORK; ACCESS; DEVICE; FORWARDING; PACKET; NETWORK; AFTER; ENCAPSULATE; NETWORK; BASED; COMPARE; PACKET; SOURCE; ADDRESS; SUBSCRIBER; ID; ADDRESS
Derwent Class: T01; W01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/173 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/16

File Seament: EPI

15/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\* WPI ACC No: 2002-038541/200205

Parallel process connecting method in atm ultra-high communication network

Patent Assignee: KOREA TELECOM (KOTE-N) Inventor: HWANG U S; YOON D S; YOON S S Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date 20010702 KR 9954905 KR 2001054219 A 19991203 200205 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 9954905 A 19991203

Patent Details: Main IPC Patent No Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes KR 2001054219 A 1 + 04L - 012/28

Abstract (Basic): KR 2001054219 A

NOVELTY - A parallel process connecting method in an ATM ultra-high communication network is provided to heighten the efficiency of a trail connection service by simultaneously transmitting a subnetwork connection operation related to each trail to a corresponding subnetwork managing system and performing a subnetwork connection

operation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - When a network linking administrating unit(200) receives two points where a trail has been set from a network service system(210). At this time, if the trail to be generated is an internal trail in a virtual path hierarchical network, the point where the link is set is received as a link termination point(LTP). If it is a link between termination points of a network, the point where the trail is set is received as an address recognized by a service user, and an LTP is searched with the address. At this time, the network linking administrating unit(200) recognizes an administration state of the point where the trail is to be set, and determines whether a trail can be set. If a trail can be set, a network linking administrating unit(200) generates a trail module(201), generates a trail ID for the corresponding trail, selects a path satisfying a linking attribute requested by the network service system(210). Then, the network linking administrating unit(20) detects a **partial** network on the linking **path** module(202) and requests a corresponding partial network administrating system(220) to generate a **trail** termination point for linking the partial network and the internal trail . A trail receiving termination module(204) generates a network trail termination point and requests **path** information of the **partial** network linking from the partial network administrating system(220). The the partial network path information is received from the partial network administrating system(220), a band width and virtual path ID or a administrating system(220), a **band width** and virtual path ID o virtual channel **ID** are allocated to the link **termination poin** and the trail generation and the trail **ID** are inform the network service system(210), so that a loop according to generation of the trail is completed.

pp; 1 DwgNo 1/10Title Terms: PARALLEL; PROCESS; CONNECT; METHOD; ATM; ULTRA; HIGH;

COMMUNICATE; NETWORK
Derwent Class: W01
International Patent Class (Main): H04L-012/28

File Segment: EPI

15/5/8 (Item 8 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2006 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010966586 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI ACC No: 1996-463535/199646 Related WPI Acc No: 1986-205757; 1992-183297; 1992-383743; 1993-386036;

1995-223977; 1995-320153; 1996-039755; 1997-086969; 1997-201731; 1997-212386; 1998-158987; 1998-413461; 1999-023720; 2000-205094; 2001-406725; 2002-238469; 2002-697551

XRPX ACC NO: N96-390407

Memory circuit for setting operation modes - includes read/write access unit which accesses memory in accordance with address data input from port during second cycles and data for presetting access mode stored in register

Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA )

Inventor: AOTSU H; ENOMOTO H; KIMURA K; KYODA T; OGURA T

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

```
Kind
                                                                week
               Kind
                      Date
                               Applicat No
                                                      Date
Patent No
                               us 85779676
                                                    19850924
                                                               199646 в
                    19960820
US 5548744
               Α
                               us 86864502
                                                    19860519
                                                Α
                               us 88240380
                                                    19880829
                               us 89314238
                                                    19890222
                                                    19890508
                               us 89349403
                                                Α
                               us 92816583
                                                Α
                                                    19920103
                               US 9313174
                                                    19930129
                                                Α
                               us 93123357
                                                    19930917
                                                Α
                               US 94354934
                                                    19941212
```

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 85105845 A 19850520; JP 85105844 A 19850520

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC US 5548744 A 17 G06F-012/00

Filing Notes
Cont of application US 85779676
Cont of application US 86864502
Cont of application US 88240380
Cont of application US 89314238
CIP of application US 89349403
Cont of application US 92816583
Cont of application US 9313174
Cont of application US 93123357
Cont of patent US 4868781
Cont of patent US 5113487
CIP of patent US 5175838
Cont of patent US 5265234

Abstract (Basic): US 5548744 A

The apparatus includes an **address port** which inputs data during a second cycle and data for presetting an access mode during a first cycle. A register stores the data for presetting the access mode. A read/write unit access the memory in accordance with **address** data inputted from the **address port** during the second cycle and the data for presetting the access mode stored in the register.

for presetting the access mode stored in the register.

The data is stored in the first register prior to the second cycle during which accesses by the read/write unit to the memory elements are performed. The address data is presented onto the address port during the second cycle and all of the address data is used for specifying an address location at a memory address during the second cycle. The first cycle does not over lap the second cycle.

USE/ADVANTAGE - For use as **frame** buffer in high **speed** graphic display system. Suitable for multi processor parallel operations.

File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2006/ 200614 (c) 2006 European Patent Office File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2006/UB=20060406,UT=20060330 (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio Set **Items** Description POINTER? ? OR ID? ? OR IDENTIFIER? ? OR IDENTIFICATION OR - ADDRESS??? OR LABEL? ? OR DESCRIPTOR? ? OR DESIGNATION? ? OR -707705 **S**1 DESIGNATOR? ? S1(7N)(PORT? ? OR INTERFACE? ? OR SOCKET? ? OR ADAPTER? ? -S2 OR ADAPTOR? ? OR CONNECTOR? ? OR PLUG? ? OR JACK? ?) (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-**S**3 ??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS) (1W) (POINT? ? OR NODE? ? OR ELEMENT? ? OR UNIT? ? OR DEVICE? ? OR GATEWAY? ? OR ROUTER? ? OR SWITCH? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR SERVER? ?) (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS)(1w)(PC? ? OR COMPUTER? ? 11675 **S4** OR EQUIPMENT? ? OR BOX?? OR HARDWARE OR MACHINE) 7371 S1(7N)S3:S4 **S**5 **S6** 21809 (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT)(5N)(PATH? ? OR PATHWAY? ? OR CONDUIT? ? OR TRAIL? ? OR LINK? ? OR CHANNEL? ? OR TUNNEL? ? OR PASSA-GE? ?) (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED **S7** OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT) (5N) (PASSAGEWAY? ? OR ROUTE? ? OR COU-**RSE? ?)** (TRAFFIC OR FLOW OR MESSAGE OR PACKET? ? OR FRAME? ? OR NE-**S8** TWORK)(5N)(CAPABILIT??? OR ABILIT??? OR SLA OR SERVICE()LEVEL-()AGREEMENT? ? OR CAPACITY OR BANDWIDTH OR BAND()WIDTH OR CON-GESTION OR LATENCY OR RATE OR DATARATE OR SPEED) \$2(100N)\$5(100N)\$6:\$7(100N)\$8 \$2(100N)\$5(100N)\$6:\$8 \$2(100N)\$5(100N)\$6:\$7 **S9** 107 **S10 S11** 20 **S12** 20 \$2(100N)\$3:\$4(100N)\$6:\$7(100N)\$8 37 S9 OR S11:S12 **S13 S14** S13 AND AC=US/PR AND AY=(1978:2002)/PR 24 S13 AND AC=US AND AY=1978:2002 **S15** 24 S13 AND AC=US AND AY=(1978:2002)/PR **S16** S13 AND PY=1978:2002 **S17** 29 **S18** 31 S14:S17 IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order) 'S19

```
19/3, \kappa/1
              (Item 1 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2006 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00742079
Wireless communication system and station for use therein
Drahtloses Kommunikationssystem und Station dafur
Systeme de communication sans fil et station a utiliser dans celui-ci
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
                  (205770), 1303 East Algonquin Road, Schaumburg, IL 60196,
  MOTOROLA, INC.,
    (US), (Proprietor designated states: all)
INVENTOR:
  Burke, Timothy Mark, 7304 Bristlecone Ct., Ft. Worth, Texas 76137, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Hudson, Peter David et al (52403), Motorola, European Intellectual
Property, Midpoint, Alencon Link, Basingstoke, Hampshire RG21 7PL, (GB)
ATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 701336 A2 960313 (Basic)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                                EP 701336
                                           Α3
                                                960828
                                                000809
                                EP 701336
                                           в1
                                EP 95109503 830624;
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 402687 820728
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; NL; SE
RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):
             (EP 83902479)
  EP 116064
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04B-007/26; H04L-029/06; H04Q-007/22
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 136
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 1
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text
                                       Word Count
                Language
                             Update
      CLAIMS B
                 (English)
                             200032
                                         518
      CLAIMS B
                             200032
                                         542
                  (German)
      CLAIMS B
                  (French)
                             200032
                                         627
                 (English)
      SPEC B
                            200032
                                       17589
Total word count - document A
Total word count - document B
                                       19276
                                       19276
Total word count - documents A + B
              (Item 5 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2006 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01459641
Fast restoration mechanism and method of determining minimum restoration
    capacity in a transmission network
             und Verfahren zur Bestimmung und schnellen Wiederherstellung
    einer minimalen Kapazitat in einem vermaschten Netz
Mechanisme et methode de determination et de restauration rapide de la
    capacite minimum d'un reseau maille
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  ALCATEL, (201871), 54, rue la Boetie, 75008 Paris, (FR), (Proprietor
    designated states: all)
INVENTOR:
  Weis, Bernd X., Friederichstrasse 42, 70825 Korntal, (DE)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Urlichs, Stefan, Dipl.-Phys. et al (92293), Alcatel Intellectual Property
    Department, Stuttgart, 70430 Stuttgart, (DE)
                                                021009 (Basic)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1248421 A1
                                                040526
                                EP 1248421 B1
                               EP 2002360088 020315
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): DE 10116835 010404; EP 2001440302 010914
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;
```

LU; MC; NL; PT; SE; TR EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04L-012/56 NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 3 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English **FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:** 

Word Count Update Available Text Language (English) 200241 817 CLAIMS A 972 200422 CLAIMS B (English) 200422 CLAIMS B 970 (German) 1140 CLAIMS B (French) 200422 SPEC A (English) 200241 5944 200422 6236 SPEC B (English) Total word count - document A 6762 Total word count - document B 9318 Total word count - documents A + B 16080

...SPECIFICATION minimum possible for any network with balanced link capacities.

Let p be the percentage of capacity for a network represented by G = (V, A) needed to make it restorable and d...

...single link failure is performed according to the following algorithm:

Case 1: If the failed link is element of the Hamiltonian mesh re-route
all failed traffic along the other links of the Hamiltonian mesh.

Case 2: If the failed link is not in the Hamiltonian mesh re-route
half of the failed traffic clockwise through the reserved capacity of
the Hamiltonian mesh links and the other half...

...what the signal carries. In the case of a failure, only the nodes terminating the **failed link** need to be reconfigured to receive the affected traffic from the ports corresponding to the...

...awaits traffic over the Hamiltonian mesh and knows therefore, that this traffic on the reserved **capacity** channel is destined for him. Hence, no additional signaling is required between any nodes to restore the network. As only the terminating **nodes** need to be reconfigured, restoration is very fast.

In spite of this, some transmission networks...

...concatenated VC-4 and non-concatenated VC-4 require different processing with respect to their pointers, it is mandatory that each input interface knows the signal structure it received. However, this reconfiguration can be done internally in the...

...SPECIFICATION 2:) reserving half of the capacity of each link of the Hamiltonian mesh as restoration capacity Obviously, the traffic in each arc of the Hamiltonian mesh can be restored. Further, all...

...single link failure is performed according to the following algorithm:

Case 1: If the failed link is element of the Hamiltonian mesh re-route
all failed traffic along the other links of the Hamiltonian mesh. link is not in the Hamiltonian mesh re- route Case 2: If the **failed** half of the **failed** traffic clockwise through the reserved capacity of the Hamiltonian mesh links and the other half...

...what the signal carries. In the case of a failure, only the nodes terminating the **failed link** need to be reconfigured to receive the affected traffic from the ports corresponding to the...

...awaits traffic over the Hamiltonian mesh and knows therefore, that this traffic on the reserved **capacity** channel is destined for him. Hence, no additional signaling is required between any nodes to restore the nodes need to be reconfigured, network. As only the **terminating** 

restoration is very fast.
In spite of this, some transmission networks... ...concatenated VC-4 and non-concatenated VC-4 require different processing with respect to their pointers, it is mandatory that each input interface knows the signal structure it received. However, this reconfiguration can be done internally in the... (Item 7 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2006 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 00741338 communications system, test method, and intra-station Connectionless control system Verbindungsloses Kommunikationssystem, Testmethode und Intra-Station-Steuer ungssystem eme de communication sans connection, methode de test et systeme de gestion intra-station Systeme de PATENT ASSIGNEE: FUJITSU LIMITED, (211460), 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanaqawa 211, (JP), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB) Kobayasi, Yasusi, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Watanabe, Yoshihiro, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Nishida, Hiroshi, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Izawa, Naoyuki, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Murayama, Masami, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Abe, Jin, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Uchida, Yoshihiro, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Yamanaka, Hiromi, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Aso, Yasuhiro, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Tsuruta, Yoshihisa, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Kato, Yoshiharu, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Kakuma, Satoshi, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Uriu, Shiro, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Samejima, Noriko, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP)
Ishioka, Eiji, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Sekine, Shigeru, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Karakawa, Yoshiyuki, Fujitsu Kyushu Communication, Systems Ltd., Yasudaseimeihakata Blg., 1-4-4,, Hakataekimae, Hakata-ku, Fukuoka, 812, (JP) Kagawa, Atsushi, c/o Fujitsu Communication, Systems Ltd., 3-9-18, Šhinyokohama, Kouhoku-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, 222, (JP) Nakayama, Mikio, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP) Kawataka, Miyuki, Fujitsu Limited, 1015, Kamikodanaka, Nakahara-ku,

Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211, (JP)

```
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Ritter und Edler von Fischern, Bernhard, Dipl.-Ing. et al (9672),
    Hoffmann, Eitle & Partner, Patentanwalte, Arabellastrasse 4, D-81925
    Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 700229 A2
                                               960306 (Basic)
                               EP 700229
                                               990203
                                          А3
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                                EP 95113111 950821;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 94255120 940822
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04Q-011/04
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 170
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                            Update
                                       Word Count
                 (English)
                                        8491
      CLAIMS A
                            EPAB96
       SPEC A
                                      164543
                 (English)
                            EPAB96
Total word count - document A
                                      173034
Total word count - document B
                                           0
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      173034
 ...SPECIFICATION 2.1 ATM Network for small host
    Figure 4 shows the configuration of the typical
                                                        hardware of the
  broadband switching system according to the present embodiment. Figure 4
  actually shows an...
               (Item 8 from file: 348)
 19/3, K/8
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2006 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00480869
Integrated data link controller with synchronous link interface and
    asynchronous host processor interface
                  Datenubertragungsstreckensteuerung
Integrierte
                                                             mit
                                                                      synchroner
    Leitungsschnittstelle und asynchroner Host-Prozessor-Schnittstelle
Dispositif integre de commande d'une voie de donnees avec interface
    synchrone de liaison et interface asynchrone avec le processeur hote
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  International Business Machines Corporation, (200120), Old Orchard Road,
    Armonk, N.Y. 10504, (US), (applicant designated states:
    BE; CH; DE; ES; FR; GB; IT; LI; NL; SE)
INVENTOR:
  Farrell, Joseph Kevin, 4713 Tortoise Shell Drive, Boca Raton, Florida
    33487, (us)
  Gordon, Jeffrey Scott, 5107 Woodmere Drive, No. 203 Centreville, Virginia
    22020, (us)
  Jenness, Robert V., 1499 West Royal Palm Road, Boca Raton, Florida 33486,
     (US)
  Kuhl, Daniel C., 16416 Cherry Way, Delray Beach, Florida 33484, (US)
       Timothy Vincent, 1798 S.W. 11th Street, Boca Raton, Florida 33486,
     (ÚS)
  Parker, Tony Edwin, 1745 N.W. 4th Avenue. Unit No. 5, Boca Raton, Florida
    33432-1545, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Burt, Roger James, Dr. (52152), IBM United Kingdom Limited Intellectual
    Property Department Hursley Park, Winchester Hampshire SO21 2JN, (GB) ENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 447054 A2 910918 (Basic)
                                               910918 (Basic)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                               EP 447054
                                               951025
                                          Α3
                               EP 447054
                                               990107
                                          в1
                               EP 91301499 910225:
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 495810 900315
DESIGNATED STATES: BE; CH; DE; ES; FR; GB; IT; LI; NL; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04L-029/06;
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 233
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LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text
                               Update
                                           Word Count
                  Language
                                            4873
       CLAIMS B
                  (English)
                               9901
                                            4464
                               9901
       CLAIMS B
                    (German)
       CLAIMS B
                               9901
                                            6004
                    (French)
       SPEC B
                  (English)
                               9901
                                           66251
Total word count - document A Total word count - document B
                                           81592
Total word count - documents A + B
                                           81592
                (Item 9 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2006 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
Communication system.
Kommunikationssystem.
Systeme de communication.
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
 BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATIONS public limited company, (846100), 81 Newgate
    Street, London EC1A 7AJ, (GB), (applicant designated states:
    AT; BE; CH; DE; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE)
  Adams, John Leonard, 24 Keswick Close Felixstowe, Suffolk IP11 9NZ. (GB)
LEGAL RÉPRESENTATIVE:
  Roberts, Simon Christopher et al (55342), BT Group Legal Services,
    Intellectual Property Department, 151 Gower Street, London, WC1E 6BA,
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 337619 A1 891018 (Basic)
                                              в1
                                  EP 337619
                                                    931013
                                  EP 89302818 890321;
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): GB 8807050 880324

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; LI; LU; NL; SE INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04B-007/24; H04B-010/00;
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 114
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text
                                          Word Count
                 Language
                               Update
                                            3148
       CLAIMS B
                  (English)
                               EPBBF1
                               EPBBF1
                                            1899
       CLAIMS B
                    (German)
                                            2229
       CLAIMS B
                    (French)
                               EPBBF1
                  (English)
                              EPBBF1
       SPEC B
                                            5317
Total word count - document A
                                           12593
Total word count - document B
Total word count - documents A + B
                                           12593
...SPECIFICATION the round trip delay. Control block 52 connected to block 50 will control upstream access as well as downstream control. The downstream buffer 54 handles received packets passed via ...the
  local exchange with information about active terminals.
    Because the original telephony channel is occassionally unavailable
  through ranging operations for telephony-only customers, as shown in
  the example frame structure of Figures 2...
...bits indicating the sum of all packet arrivals in the last frame period.
    The 70 bits are dispersed regularly throughout the frame such that
  any adjacent group of 32 bits on this channel carries
                                                                    1 bit from each
  of the broadband customers. If an ATD cell arrives for upstream
  transmission...
```

...For the purpose of polling, the local exchange access controller 68

regards each customer's access equipment as two devices. At the customer's end these two 'devices' are the separate responses of the equipment to two different ACCESS addresses which it will match

The first 'device' is the...

...for its queues.

whenever a customer is polled on either 'device' it must return either 'full' cell or **'empty'** cell and repeat the value in the ACCESS ld. For **all upstream** transmissions the transmitting source is field. For **all** identified at the local exchange through the setting of ACCESS...

...channel number via block 76 and 77 of Figure 7. This allows the **equipment** to check that the information is sent customer's **access** last time was correctly received. If there is...

19/3,K/10 (Item 10 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\* 01105686

METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR USING A CARE OF ADDRESS OPTION PROCEDES ET APPAREIL PERMETTANT D'UTILISER UNE OPTION D'ADRESSE TEMPORAIRE Patent Applicant/Assignee:

FLARION TECHNOLOGIES INC, Bedminster One, 135 Route 202/206 South, Bedminster, NJ 07921, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

O'NEILL Alan, 184 Military Road, Henley Beach, South Australia 5022, AU, AU (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) Legal Representative:

STRAUB Michael P (agent), Straub & Pokotylo, 620 Tinton Avenue, Bldg. B, 2nd Floor, Tinton Falls, NJ 07724-3260, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200428053 Al 200404040 (WO 0428053)

WO 2003US29490 20030917 (PCT/WO US03029490) Application:

Priority Application: US 2002411722 20020918

Designated States: (Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 18382

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

212 that includes unicast routing/forwarding table 213, multicast ` routing/forwarding table 214 and active addressing state for the valid prefixes at an **access** router and the **address** allocations (HoAs and CCoAs) made to or used by MNs 300, 301 at an access...

...the NM specific mobility policy in an access router 200C and a Home Agent 200A"'. Access router ingress filtering routine 222 polices the

source addresses used by MNs 300, 301 into the network of cell 148 via the ingress interface...

- ...use the source address of another MN 301 in the cell 148, nor a source address that is invalid at this access router 2000 due to it not being under the routing prefixes configured at that router 200C...
- ...filtering routine 224, used by, e.g., router 20013, is similarly used to police source addresses but this time by comparing the incoming interface at which the packet arrived to the expected interface according to unicast and/or multicast...
- ...used in the various router types: home agent router node 200A"', general router 220B, and access router 200C to enhance source address router 220B, and **access router** 200C to enhance source **address** checks and forwarding processes for the MN 300 so that CAO processes defined by this...

19/3, K/11(Item 11 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\* 01015046

TANDEM CONNECTION MONITORING PARALLEL PROCESSING TRAITEMENT EN PARALLELE DE CONTROLE DE CONNEXION EN TANDEM

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

NORTEL NETWORKS LTD, 2351 Boulevard Alfred-Nobel, St. Laurent, Quebec H4S 2A9, CA, CA (Residence), CA (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

BRISSETTE Patrice, 6 Contrefort, Apt. 2, Hull, Quebec J8Z 1Z7, CA, CA (Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

GREER David J (et al) (agent), Ridout & Maybee LLP, One Queen Street East, Suite 2400, Toronto, Ontario M5C 3B1, CA,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200344995 A2-A3 20030530 (WO 0344995) Application: WO 2002CA1736 20021115 Priority Application: US 2001987788 20011116 (PCT/WO CA0201736)

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004) AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ

EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 4479

Fulltext Availability: Claims

## Claim

monitoring trails includes trail trace identification information.

16 The method of claim 15 wherein the **trail** trace information is broken up for transmission over a number of successive ftanies and identifier information identifying a includes source access point source of the tandem connector monitoring information.

```
(Item 12 from file: 349)
 19/3, K/12
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
              **Image available**
00836177
APPARATUS,
              AND ASSOCIATED METHOD,
                                             FOR ROUTING PACKET DATA IN AN AD HOC
    WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM
                                        DESTINES A L'ACHEMINEMENT DE DONNEES PAR
APPAREIL, ET PROCEDE ASSOCIE,
    PAQUETS DANS UN SYSTEME DE COMMUNICATIONS HERTZIENNES ADAPTE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  NOKIA CORPORATION, Keilalahdentie 4, FIN-02150 Espoo, FI, FI (Residence),
    FI (Nationality)
  NOKIA INC, 6000 Connection Drive, Irving, TX 75039, US, US (Residence),
    US (Nationality), (Designated only for: LC)
Inventor(s):
  VAN VALKENBURG Sander, Kalevankatu 44 A12, FIN-00180 Helsinki, FI, PALOMAR Marc Solsona, Teljantie 9 A 3, FIN-00350 Helsinki, FI,
Legal Representative:
  KELLY Robert H (et al) (agent), Novakov Davis & Munck, P.C., 900 Three Galleria Tower, 13155 Noel Road, Dallas, TX 75240, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                            wo 200169869 A2-A3 20010920 (wo 0169869)
  Patent:
  Application: WO 2001IB352 20010313 (PCT/WO IB0100352)
Priority Application: US 2000527786 20000317
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE
  ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT
  LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM-
  TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 8315
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                            ... 20010920
  Patent:
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2001
Detailed Description
     25 etc. The routing table 104 has the following entries.
 Agent routing table @protocol, Local ID, Sequence Number; Source Port Number, Destination Port Number; Source Port Numbernew, Destination Port Numbernew] = (4/6, 31 SNsiave 3; SourcePortslave 3,
  DestPortslave...
...same as that
  indicated in the PicoIP packet. The source address is
  a special IP address assigned to the access e.g., the IP address of the interface that is
                                                            point ,
  connected to the Internet 98. The agent then replaces
  5 the source port...
```

...is available and present in the fixed Internet. if so, the agent replies with an **empty** packet, pursuant to normal **route** setup reply procedures, and adds the

entry to the PicoIP routing table. If the

```
(Item 17 from file: 349)
 19/3,K/17
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
A METHOD FOR PROVIDING PRIVACY BY NETWORK ADDRESS TRANSLATION
PROCEDE POUR ASSURER LA CONFIDENTIALITE PAR TRANSPOSITION D'UNE ADRESSE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  AT & T CORP,
Inventor(s):
  KALMANEK Charles Robert Jr,
  MARSHALL William Todd,
  MISHRA Partho Pratim,
  NORTZ Douglas M.
  RAMAKRISHNAN Kadangode K,
  BELLOVIN Steven Michael.
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200008824 A1 20000217 (WO 0008824)
  Application:
                            WO 99US17591 19990804 (PCT/WO US9917591)
  Priority Application: US 9895288 19980804; US 98104878 19981020
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 39212
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                            ... 20000217
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2000
Detailed Description
     time these exchanges may occupy.
  7 1 GATEOPEN
  The GATEOPEN message is sent by the Edge Router to its corresponding Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt...
...the COMMIT message.
  7 1.1 GATEOPEN Acknowledgment
  On receipt of a GATEOPEN message, the Edge
                                                        Router responds with a
  GATEOPENACK. A sample message is. GATEOPENACK 21T6572 vl.0;
  7 1.2 GATEOPEN Error
  If some error occurs in the processing of a GATEOPEN, the Edge
  25 responds with GATEOPENNAK. Such ...BTI in a SETUPNAK message.
  7 2 GATECLOSE
  The GATECLOSE message is sent by the Edge. Router to its corresponding
  Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt of the RELEASE message from the BTI. The Edge Router releases any resources held by that gate, stops any 5 unsolicited grants offered on the...
... security code required.
  7 2.1 GATECLOSE Acknowledgment
  On receipt of a GATECLOSE message, the Edge GATECLOSEACK. A sample message is.
                                                         Router responds with a
```

```
GATECLOSEACK 2IT6583 VI.0;
  7 2.2...
...GATECLOSE message always results in a response of
  GATECLOSEACK. If the GATEID parameter specifies an invalid gate, the
        Router assumes the gate has already been closed.
  7.9 Gate Controller to Gate Controller
 Messages...
 19/3,K/18
                (Item 18 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00545448
A METHOD FOR EXCHANGING SIGNALING MESSAGES IN TWO PHASES
PROCEDE POUR ECHANGER DES MESSAGES DE SIGNALISATION EN DEUX PHASES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  AT & T CORP.
Inventor(s):
  KALMANEK Charles Robert Jr,
 MARSHALL William Todd,
 MISHRA Partho Pratim,
  NORTZ Douglas M.
  RAMAKRISHNAN Kadangode K,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200008821 A1 20000217 (WO 0008821)
                        'wo 99us17593 19990804 (PCT/wo us9917593)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 9895288 19980804; US 98104878 19981020
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 38739
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                         ... 20000217
  Patent:
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2000
Detailed Description
... time these exchanges may occupy.
  7 1 GATEOPEN
 The GATEOPEN message is sent by the Edge Router to its corresponding
  Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt...
...the COMMIT message.
  7 1.1 GATEOPEN Acknowledgment
  On receipt of a GATEOPEN message, the Edge
                                                  Router responds with a
  GATEOPENACK. A sample message is.
 GATEOPENACK 2IT6572 vl.o;
  7 1.2 GATEOPEN Error
  If some error occurs in the processing of a GATEOPEN, the Edge
  25 responds with GATEOPENNAK. Such a situation can occur when the remote
  gate times out...
...BTI in a SETUPNAK message.
```

7 2 GATECLOSE

The GATECLOSE message is sent by the **Edge Router** to its corresponding **Edge Router** at the other end of a connection on receipt of the RELEASE message from the BTI. The **Edge Router** releases any resources **Router** to its corresponding held by that gate, stops any unsolicited grants offered on the upstream

... security code required.

7 2.1 GATECLOSE Acknowledgment On receipt of a GATECLOSE message, the **Edge** GATECLOSEACK. A sample message is. **Router** responds with a

GATECLOSEACK 21T6583 vl.o; 7 2.2...

...GATECLOSE message always results in a response of GATECLOSEACK. If the GATEID parameter specifies an invalid gate, the Router assumes the gate has already been closed.

7.9 Gate Controller to Gate Controller Messages...

(Item 19 from file: 349) 19/3,K/19 DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00545447

METHOD FOR ESTABLISHING CALL STATE INFORMATION PROCEDE POUR ETABLIR LES INFORMATIONS D'ETAT CONCERNANT UN APPEL Patent Applicant/Assignee:

AT & T CORP,

Inventor(s):

KALMANEK Charles Robert Jr.

MARSHALL William Todd,

MISHRA Partho Pratim,

NORTZ Douglas M,

RAMAKRISHNAN Kadangode K,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200008820 A1 20000217 (WO 0008820)

Application: WO 99US17592 19990804 (PCT/WO US9917592)

Priority Application: US 9895288 19980804; US 98104878 19981020

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 40778

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

... 20000217 Patent:

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Publication Year: 2000

Detailed Description

time these exchanges may occupy.

7 1 GATEOPEN

The GATEOPEN message is sent by the **Edge** Router to its corresponding Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt a GATEOPEN message, the Edge Router responds with a GATEOPENACK. A sample message is.

GATEOPENACK 21 T6572 vl.o; 7 1.2 GATEOPEN Error

If some error occurs in the processing of a GATEOPEN, the **Edge** responds with GATEOPENNAK. Such a situation can occur when the remote gate times out and...

...BTI in a SETUPNAK message.

7 2 GATECLOSE

The GATECLOSE message is sent by the **Edge Router** to its corresponding **Edge Router** at the other end of a connection on receipt of the RELEASE message from the BTI. The **Edge Router** releases any resources held by that gate, stops any unsolicited grants offered on the upstream

...security code required.

7 2.1 GATECLOSE Acknowledgment On receipt of a GATECLOSE message, the **Edge** GATECLOSEACK. A sample message is. **Router** responds with a

GATECLOSEACK 21 T65 83 v 1.0...

...GATECLOSE message always results in a response of GATECLOSEACK. If the GATEID parameter specifies an invalid gate, the Router assumes the gate has already been closed.

7.9 Gate Controller to Gate Controller Messages...

19/3.K/20 (Item 20 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00545446

A METHOD FOR PERFORMING GATE COORDINATION ON A PER-CALL BASIS PROCEDE POUR ASSURER UNE COORDINATION DES PORTES A L'APPEL Patent Applicant/Assignee:

AT & T CORP,

Inventor(s):

KALMANEK Charles Robert Jr,

MARSHALL William Todd,

MISHRA Partho Pratim,

NORTZ Douglas M.

RAMAKRISHNAN Kadangode K,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200008819 A1 20000217 (WO 0008819) WO 99US17590 19990804 (PCT/WO US9917590)

Priority Application: US 9895288 19980804; US 98104878 19981020

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 37688

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

... 20000217 Patent:

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Publication Year: 2000

Detailed Description

... time these exchanges may occupy

7 1 GATEOPEN

The GATEOPEN message is sent by the **Edge** Router to its corresponding Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt...in the COMMIT message.

1.1 GATEOPEN Acknowledgment On receipt of a GATEOPEN message, the Edge Router responds with a GATEOPENACK. A sample message is. GATEOPENACK 2IT6572 vI.0; 7 1.2 GATEOPEN Error If some error occurs in the processing of a GATEOPEN, the Edge 25 responds with GATEOPENNAK. Such a situation can occur when the remote gate times out... ...to the BTI in a SETUPNAK message. **GATECLOSE** The GATECLOSE message is sent by the **Edge Router** to its corresponding Router at the other end of a connection on receipt of the RELEASE message from the BTI. The Edge **Router** releases any resources held by that gate, stops any unsolicited grants offered on the upstream ...security code requited. 7 2.1 GATECLOSE Acknowledgment On receipt of a GATECLOSE message, the **Edge Router** responds with a GATECLOSEACK. A sample message is. GATECLOSEACK 2IT6583 v1.0; 7 2.2... ...GATECLOSE message always results in a response of GATECLOSEACK. If the GATEID parameter specifies an i**nvalid** gate, the **Router** assumes the gate has already been closed. 7.9 Gate Controller to Gate Controller Messages... (Item 21 from file: 349) 19/3, K/21DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. 00545439 A METHOD FOR ALLOCATING NETWORK RESOURCES PROCEDE D'ATTRIBUTION DE RESSOURCES RESEAU Patent Applicant/Assignee: AT & T CORP, Inventor(s): KALMANEK Charles Robert Jr. MARSHALL William Todd. MISHRA Partho Pratim, NORTZ Douglas M. RAMAKRISHNAN Kadangode K, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200008812 A1 20000217 (WO 0 (wo 0008812) WO 99US17588 19990804 (PCT/WO US9917588) Application: Priority Application: US 9895288 19980804; US 98104878 19981020 Designated States: (Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004) CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 38856 Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

... 20000217

Patent:

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2000

Detailed Description ... time these exchanges may occupy.

7 1 GATEOPEN

The GATEOPEN message is sent by the **Edge** Router to its corresponding Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt...

...the COMMIT message.

7 1.1 GATEOPEN Acknowledgment On receipt of a GATEOPEN message, the **Edge Router** responds with a GATEOPENACK. A sample message is.

GATEOPENACK 2IT6572 vl.o;

7 1.2 GATEOPEN Error

If some error occurs in the processing of a GATEOPEN, the Edge responds with GATEOPENNAK. Such a situation can occur when the remote gate times out and...BTI in a SETUPNAK message.

7 2 GATECLOSE

The GATECLOSE message is sent by the **Edge Router** to its corresponding Edge Router at the other end of a connection on receipt of the RELEASE message from the BTI. The Edge Router releases any resources held by that gate, stops any unsolicited grants offered on the upstream

...security code required.

7 2.1 GATECLOSE Acknowledgment **Router** responds with a On receipt of a GATECLOSE message, the **Edge** GATECLOSEACK. A sample message is.

GATECLOSEACK 2IT6583 vl.o; 7 2.2...

...GATECLOSE message always results in a response of GATECLOSEACK. If the GATEID parameter specifies an invalid gate, the **Router** assumes the gate has already been closed. 7.9 Gate Controller to Gate Controller Messages...

19/3,K/22 (Item 22 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

\*\*Image available\*\*

DIGITAL DATA PROCESSING METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR FAULT ISOLATION PROCEDES ET DISPOSITIF DE TRAITEMENT DE DONNEES NUMERIQUES POUR L'ISOLATION **DE DEFAUTS** 

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

STRATUS COMPUTER,

Inventor(s):

LEAVITT William I,

CLEMSON Conrad R,

SOMERS Jeffrey S, CHAVES John M,

BARBERA David R,

CLAYTON Shawn A,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): Patent: WO 9746941 A1 19971211

WO 97US9781 19970605 (PCT/WO US9709781) Application:

Priority Application: US 96658563 19960605 Designated States:

```
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AU CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 116410
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                          ... 19971211
  Patent:
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1997
Detailed Description
    Access - ASIC Parity Immediate parity gen. no error
  Gen. Fault fault
  I/O Single-side Access - ASIC PCI Data Immediate bad address no
  error
  Path Fault
  I/O Non-single-side Access, Different C- Immediate transmit error...
...on the Xbus.
  Board Breaking and Information Latching
  There are several status bits in the Broken Status register on each
  board to determine the mason a board went broken. These bits...
                (Item 23 from file: 349)
 19/3,K/23
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2006 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00372604
ATM SWITCH WITH VC PRIORITY BUFFERS
COMMUTATEUR EN MODE ATM AVEC TAMPONS DE PRIORITE DE CONNEXION VIRTUELLE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  GENERAL DATACOMM INC.
  JONES Trevor,
Inventor(s):
  JONES Trevor,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 9713346 A1 19970410
Application: WO 96US15737 19961002 (PCT/WO US9615737)
  Priority Application: GB 9520147 19951003
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AU CA GB US AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 4483
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                          ... 19970410
  Patent:
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1997
Detailed Description
... FIFO for the second switch fabric and then returns to start at 70. If the path is broken and no alternative
  available, the cell is discarded at 130, It will be appreciated
  that this testing...to deal with "blocked ports". According to this embodiment, another
  arbitration FIFO is created for pointers to VCs having blocked
   ports , The blocked port arbitration FIFO is then given the
  highest priority, Since the presence of a single blocked port
```

could, under this system, prevent all cells from being transmitted until a particular **port** becomes un-blocked, the **pointers** in the blocked **port** arbitration FIFO are preferably recycled each time a **pointer** encounters a blocked **port**. In other The cell buffering systems described above are suitably used to buffer cells entering...

...cells exiting the ATM switch when no traffic shaping is required, e.g. constant bit **rate** (CBR) **traffic** . Alternatively, the buffering system described above can be used in conjunction with the traffic shaping...

...owned application. Still alternatively, the buffering system described above can be employed where the cells **exit** the **switch** and modified to accomplish traffic shaping. Figure 6 shows a buffer system according to the...

```
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2006/Apr 10
           (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2006/Apr 11
           (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2006/Apr 10
           (c) 2006 The Gale Group
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2006/Apr 11
(c) 2006 The Gale Group File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
           (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2006/Apr 11
           (c)2006 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2006/Apr 11
           (c) 2006 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
      15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2006/Apr 11
File
           (c) 2006 ProQuest Info&Learning
CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2006/Apr W5
(c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC
File 647:CMP
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2006/Jan W1
           (c) 2006 IDG Communications
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2006/Apr 10
           (c) 2006 Dialog
File 369: New Scientist 1994-2006/Aug W4
           (c) 2006 Reed Business Information Ltd.
Set
          Items
                    Description
                POINTER? ? OR ID? ? OR IDENTIFIER? ? OR IDENTIFICATION OR - ADDRESS??? OR LABEL? ? OR DESCRIPTOR? ? OR DESIGNATION? ? OR -
s1
       4537357
                DESIGNATOR? ?
                    S1(7N)(PORT? ? OR INTERFACE? ? OR SOCKET? ? OR ADAPTER? ? -
S2
                OR ADAPTOR? ? OR CONNECTOR? ? OR PLUG? ? OR JACK? ?)
                (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-
??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS)(1W)(POINT? ? OR NODE? ?
OR ELEMENT? ? OR UNIT? ? OR DEVICE? ? OR GATEWAY? ? OR ROUTER?
? OR SWITCH? ? OR TERMINAL? ? OR SERVER? ?)
        259607
S3
                    (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-
          91384
S4
                ??? OR ADMIT? OR ADMISSION OR ACCESS) (1w) (PC? ? OR COMPUTER? ?
                 OR EQUIPMENT? ? OR BOX?? OR HARDWARE OR MACHINE)
           6034
                    S1(7N)S3:S4
S5
          26559
                    (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED
S6
                OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT)(5N)(PATH? ? OR PATHWAY? ? OR CONDUIT? ? OR TRAIL? ? OR LINK? ? OR CHANNEL? ? OR TUNNEL? ? OR PASSA-
                GE? ?)
S7
          11102
                    (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED
                 OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-
                ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT)(5N)(PASSAGEWAY? ? OR ROUTE? ? OR COU-
                (TRAFFIC OR FLOW OR MESSAGE OR PACKET? ? OR FRAME? ? OR NETWORK)(5N)(CAPABILIT??? OR ABILIT??? OR SLA OR SERVICE()LEVEL-
S8
        612032
                ()AGREEMENT? ? OR CAPACITY OR BANDWIDTH OR BAND()WIDTH OR CON-
                GESTION OR LATENCY OR RATE OR DATARATE OR SPEED)
                    S2(100N)S5(100N)S6:S7(100N)S8
S9
S10
                    S2(100N)S5(100N)S6:S7
S11
             44
                    S2(100N)S5(100N)S8
S12
               6
                    S2(100N)S3:S4(100N)S6:S7(100N)S8
S13
                    S2(100n)S3:S4(100n)S6:S7
            355
S14
                    S2(100n)S3:S4(100n)S8
              54
S15
                    s9:s13
             33
S16
                    RD (unique items)
             27
                    S16 NOT PY=2003:2006
S17
```

17/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) SUPPLIER NUMBER: 90787144 02639026 Hacker Tools Can Benefit IT. (NetStumbler)

Louderback, Jim eweek, NA August 26, 2002 ISSN: 1530-6283

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext LANGUAGE: English

WORD COUNT: 322 LINE COUNT: 00028

tools they use can help you, too. NetStumbler identifies and tracks information about any wireless access point it can see, including a MAC address, WEP status and a channel. Its graphical interface will track those over time, giving you an analysis of network capability.

Sure, NetStumbler is great for detecting and penetrating naked

networks. And because it creates a...

(Item 2 from file: 275) 17/3.K/2 DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02609114 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 87052549 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
ELITE SOLUTION SECURES WLANS -- SMC's well-rounded EliteConnect System came
out on top in our tests. But its rivals can move quickly in a rapidly evolving wireless environment.

Robinson, Cornell W., III; Molta, Dave

Network Computing, 48 June 10, 2002

ISSN: 1046-4468 RECORD TYPE: Fulltext LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 6233 LINE COUNT: 00513

... use NAT on all your clients. However, you can map NAT addresses to external IP **addresses** statically using the management **interface**. We found this feature helpful to support our access points, which, without addresses, would have been unreachable from the outside network. ReefEdge offers two versions of its ConnectBridge...

...ConnectBridge 25 for support of a single access point only; the ConnectBridge 100 supports higher **speed traffic**. The ConnectBridge 25 is limited in capacity. We managed only 8 Mbps of throughput unencrypted...

17/3.K/3(Item 3 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02550300 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 79546639 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) WAVEBASE: A GATEWAY TO WIRELESS HEAVEN -- Its broad feature set, solid performance and ability to enable multiple concurrent VPN sessions earned Nexland's SOHO wireless gateway our Editor's Choice award. (Hardware Review) (Evaluation)

Molta, Dave Network Computing, 53 Oct 29, 2001

DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation ISSN: 1046-4468 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 5791 LINE COUNT: 00455

VPN dialer software installed. We attempted to connect to the Cisco VPN gateway through the access point. Once one VPN tunnel was established, we would establish another tunnel with a second client behind

the access point to see if the device under test could handle multiple tunnels. If two worked, we would try a third. Most of the access points failed after the second tunnel, usually by terminating previously established VPN connections.

Security Log test: For our security log test, we ran port scans on the various **access points** and checked to see if the logs would report the scans. Hackers often use port...

...the LANGUARD Port Scanner on a Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional workstation and scanned the WAN port IP addresses of the various access points . We then searched the configuration Web pages for logs and looked to see if there...

17/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)
(c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02513325 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 75607936 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Latest wireless products. (Product Announcement)

Communications News, 38, 6, 58

June, 2001

ISSN: 0010-3632 LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Product Announcement

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract English

WORD COUNT: 1418 LINE COUNT: 00122

Fast Ethernet switch ports. The DI-713 firewall functions allow users to block and redirect ports, as well as mask local IP addresses --making targeting a specific machine more difficult for intruders. On a dynamic network connection, the D-Link access point will automatically obtain an IP address and forward additional IPs to multiple clients on the network. The bandwidth data-transmission rate can be set manually or for a dynamic autosensing configuration through a Web-based management

 $17/3, \kappa/5$ (Item 5 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) SUPPLIER NUMBER: 72606406 Buyer's Guide: 100-Mbps Nics. (Buyers Guide)

Harvey, David A. Network Computing, 104

April 2, 2001

DOCUMENT TYPE: Buyers Guide ISSN: 1046-4468 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 2044 LINE COUNT: 00163

side, it's important to understand exactly how NICs fit into the design of your network .

On the server side, bandwidth and management requirements dominate. Bandwidth needs are addressed by both processor strength and the number...

deliver only 100 Mbps. On a very heavily trafficked server, this may not allow optimal access to server resources. To address this problem, multiple-port server cards let you add several connections to a server without eating up precious expansion...

..minihubs or routers for smaller network installations. Because you can bind different protocols and network addresses to each port , multiple connections let you physically separate server-side traffic, creating multiple, separate subnets to access...

17/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 275)
DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02095361 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19709003 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Foundry forges ahead. (Foundry Networks' NetIron and FastIron multilayer switches) (Hardware Review) (Evaluation)

Chowdhry, Pankaj

PC Week, v14, n36, p89(2) August 25, 1997

ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

LINE COUNT: 00067 WORD COUNT: 761

preserve existing infrastructure. Both devices provide a good solution for disparate workgroups requiring high-speed access to servers across multiple subnets.

The immaturity of the Gigabit Ethernet market was apparent in our

tests...

...interoperability problems between the Foundry switches and a Gigabit Ethernet Alteon Networks Inc. NIC. The **link** came up after we **disabled** the auto-negotiation feature on the NIC, but this situation illustrates the gambles taken when.

...and advanced IP filtering capabilities. NetIron can filter based on source address, source mask, destination **address**, destination mask, and TCP or UDP **port**. FastIron has similar capabilities but does not provide support for TCP and UDP (User Datagram...

...inability to produce traps on the filtered events disappointing. Foundry breaks new ground in its ability to prune multicast traffic at Gigabit Ethernet speeds. In our tests, the switches could limit the multicast of IGMP...

(Item 7 from file: 275) 17/3, K/7DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01840268 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 17413633 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) The range to roam. (DEC's RoamAbout wireless adapter) (includes related article on product summary) (Hardware Review) (Evaluation)

Fogle, Dave

LAN Magazine, v10, n7, p155(4)

July, 1995

ISSN: 1069-5621 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 3625 LINE COUNT: 00297

... checks it for consistency, then retransmits it to the other LAN segment. This can add **latency** time to packet transmission because the device waits for the entire packet to arrive. However...

..for Access Points. The first is the default Workgroup Bridge Mode, in which the Access **Point** learns **addresses** from both the wireless and wired Ethernet ports and forwards all packets with unknown addresses. In the alternative Full Bridge Mode, the Access Point learns addresses from the wireless side of the network only and will only forward packets to multicast...operates as a Data Link layer relay, making the Access Point transparent to network protocols. Access Points learn the network addresses. addresses of network nodes dynamically, using a technique called reverse learning to associate network node addresses and port numbers. Each Access Point can add new source addresses to its address database automatically. This allows automatic configuration of the network to occur independently of a protocol...

(Item 1 from file: 621) 17/3, K/8DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03299420 Supplier Number: 93685318 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
D-Link Introduces All-In-One 22Mbps Wireless Router With Built-In Print Server, 4-Port Switch and Firewall Protection; - Built-in Print Server. PR Newswire, pLATH05231102002 Oct 31, 2002

Record Type: Fulltext Language: English

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1230

4) built-in 10/100 Mb Auto-Negotiation full duplex Fast Ethernet Switch ports increase network access speed for client computers.

D-Link's DI-714P+'s firewall provides a secure broadband connection to stop hackers in their tracks without sacrificing speed. The router's Stateful Packet Inspection feature examines each inbound packet and rejects data not requested by a client on...

...Address, IP Address and Domain Name. Once enabled, the DHCP server will automatically assign IP **addresses** to wireless clients, allowing other computers to **access** the **router** and Internet seamlessly. Virtual Private Network (VPN) pass through support is provided for multiple simultaneous...

...DI-714P+ employs the basic parental control features of URL blocking, Domain blocking and IP **address** blocking, accessed through the web-based configuration **interface**. URL blocking allows blocking of web sites whose domain names contain specific blocked words. Domain...

17/3, K/9(Item 2 from file: 621) DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 73590082 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) IDT Announces Results for Fourth Fiscal Quarter and Record Fiscal Year 2001; Fourth Fiscal Quarter EPS \$0.51 on Sales of \$213 million.

Business Wire, p0631

April 24, 2001

Record Type: Fulltext Language: English

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

1531 Word Count:

product combining CAM (content addressable memory) technology with speciali zed

logic and a high-speed control **interface** . **IDT** is planning to launch a ...RC32332 integrated processors are used in xDSL gateways, SOHO routers, managed LAN switches and integrated access devices

(IADs).

has secured several significant design wins with these products and continues to see strong design...

...leadership position in multi-port products with the industry's fastest and highest-density dual- **ports** . is shipping

9-Mbit Bank-Switchable dual- ports and 4-Mbit true dual-ports at speeds up to 166 MHz. These products are...

...products greatly assist board designers in solving clock

distribution problems, especially in today's high- speed telecommunications, networking and storage area network markets. With the addition of these new products, IDT now provides performance up to 200...

(Item 3 from file: 621) DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 70978358 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) D-Link Slashes Pricing on Award Winning 11-Megabit IEEE 802.11b Wireless Networking Products.

PR Newswire, p6368 March 2, 2001

Record Type: Fulltext Language: English

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1133

point connection that creates an Infrastructure for the network or extends the reach of the **network** communications **capability**. of coverage per cell for indoor use is up to 100 meters and...

...speed wireless Internet access. When the DWL-1000AP is connected to a DHCP Server the **access point** will automatically obtain an IP **address** and hand out IP **address** to all wireless **adapters** within range. The DWL-1000AP bandwidth data transmission rate can be set manually at 11Mbps

17/3, K/11(Item 4 from file: 621) DIALOG(R) File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 40335908 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) NEWBRIDGE INTRODUCES 4602 MAINSTREET NETWORK CONTROLLER TO SUPPORT EASIEST **ROUTING, FASTEST RECONNECTIONS** 

News Release, p1 March 28, 1988

Language: English Record Type: Fu Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade Record Type: Fulltext

Word Count: 600

4602 MainStreet has complete control," said Newbridge president Peter Madsen, "from our smallest 2port Data **Termination** Unit to our 3645 MainStreet, the world, s largest T-1 multiplexer. Every device is part...

...than smaller, distributed processors.

Call setup, for example, requires only the configuration of one end port and the designation of the other end point. The 4602 configures the second port and establishes the connection... ...to find and assign alternate routes.

"As a result, we expect to reconnect all the **channels** in a **failed** in less than 10 seconds after the line is declared lost," reported Madsen...

17/3.K/12(Item 1 from file: 636) DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 73542604 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Riverstone Networks launches programmable hardware architecture for evolving metro services; First products offer full MPLS implementation over Gigabit Ethernet.

M2 Presswire, pNA April 23, 2001

Language: English Record Ty Document Type: Newswire; Trade Word Count: 1044 Record Type: Fulltext

Word Count:

8000, RS 8600, and RS 38000 router product family. The new modules support full MPLS Label Edge Router (LER) and Label Switch Router (LSR) functions with these features:

\* MPLS label generation and forwarding at wire speed \* Up to 8,000 Label -Switched Paths (LSPs) per port \* Multi-level label stacking

\* Layer 2 tunneling

\* Full support for Resource Reservation Protocol-Traffic Engineering (...a leading developer of routers and switches that enable service providers throughout the metropolitan area network to turn raw bandwidth into profitable services. Leveraging fourth-generation custom silicon and Internet-hardened routing software, Riverstone products...

17/3, K/13(Item 1 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 79901340 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) 09163073 10-Gbit Ethernet Switch Chip Set Serves Up Advanced QoS At Wire Speed. (Product Announcement)

BURSKY, DAVE

Electronic Design, v49, n23, p48

Nov 5, 2001

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Article Type: Product Announcement Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: **188**2

weighted-cost path routing.

One key aspect of the Prestera packet processor is its advanced traffic management and QoS capabilities, which include eight priority queues with three drop precedences and WRED (Weighted Random Early Discard). The traffic scheduling and bandwidth management helps ensure that packets are delivered on time to their final destinations. Advanced traffic policing and application-aware QoS and filtering also are supported by the packet processors to enable service - level agreements (SLAs) and provide network security.

The Prestera 98MX620 and 98MX630 support MPLS for Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) and traffic engineering with four labels. They perform the function either as a label -edge router (LER) by sitting on the edge of

the MPLS networks and add tags...

... switch traffic based on MPLS tags.

Supporting L4 traffic engineering too, the chips provide network address and port translation and can perform L4 switching and load balancing. The **packet** processors can perform wire- **speed** L2 switching. Up to 16k MAC addresses are supported, along with up to 8k virtual...

...rate filtering and port mirroring (802.1s-compliant). To provide the storage necessary for the **packets**, external double-data- **rate** DRAMs are used. A 32-bit 66-MHz PCI interface provides a

17/3, K/14(Item 2 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

08114150 Supplier Number: 66674053 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) The right protocol.(Technology Information)

Ko, Denny; Woo, Edison

Telephony, pNA Oct 30, 2000

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

1679 Word Count:

early implementations, MPLS involves the emergence of IP switching that uses label switching technology to **speed** up IP **packet** forwarding with small changes to existing routing protocols. The standardization of MPLS will not require...

...label-switched path can be engineered to avoid a busy router in a large edge city. Label routers insert and remove Level 2 labels as they enter and exit an MPLS backbone network, based upon IP header information - such...

...three label-switched paths, with each one supporting different levels or classes of services. Each **port** on an **label edge router** and **label** switching router may support many **label** -switched paths, with each label-switched path supporting one of the pre-assigned queues or...

...Internetworking Forum and the Internet Engineering Task Force) will able to signal the optical **network** for additional **bandwidth** - that is, more wave-lengths - during periods of **congestion**.

An optical virtual private network (VPN) operates across multiple managed wavelengths as a network that can be dynamically configured and...

(Item 3 from file: 16) 17/3, K/15DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 48310169 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Xedia's Access Point 100 brings IP bandwidth issues under control Piscitello, David M. Infoworld, p58D Feb 23, 1998

Language: English **Fulltext** Record Type:

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade Word Count: 760

Word Count:

... apply controls at their network "edge" to regulate IP traffic, much the way committed information **rate** is used by **frame** -relay providers, to manage backbone capacity. Moreover, as ISPs attract subscribers from private-line enterprise networking to virtual networking services over...

...technology provides traffic shaping and control at the IP layer, through policies configured into the **Access Point** itself. Traffic is classified by IP **address**, protocol, and **port**. Hierarchical CBQ traffic classes or "flows" represent an aggregation of traffic or a single connection. You allocate **bandwidth** and assign priorities to a **traffic** class, and the CBQ processing at the Access Point shapes traffic over the outbound port... PCs connected to an Ethernet switch on the "send" LAN transmitted User Datagram Protocol (UDP) traffic at a sustained rate of 2Mbps through the Access Point 100 bridge to PCs on a shared-medium Ethernet...

...were measured as effective throughput by receiving PCs, in the absence of end-to-end  $\ensuremath{\textbf{flow}}$  control.

Throttling bandwidth

To demonstrate how Xedia's Access Point could be used to regulate or throttle **bandwidth**, I created a **traffic** class for UDP traffic, set the maximum throughput to 4Mbps, and attempted to push an...

(Item 4 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 47931314 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Foundry Forges Ahead

Chowdhry, Pankaj PC Week, p089 August 25, 1997 Language: English

Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Tabloid; General Trade Word Count: 722

preserve existing infrastructure. Both devices provide a good solution for disparate workgroups requiring high-speed access to servers across multiple subnets.

The immaturity of the Gigabit Ethernet market was apparent in our

...interoperability problems between the Foundry switches and a Gigabit Ethernet Alteon Networks Inc. NIC. The link came up after we disabled the auto-negotiation feature on the NIC, but this situation illustrates the gambles taken when...

...and advanced IP filtering capabilities. NetIron can filter based on source address, source mask, destination **address**, destination mask, and TCP or UDP **port**. FastIron has similar capabilities but does not provide support for TCP and UDP (User Datagram...

...inability to produce traps on the filtered events disappointing. Foundry breaks new ground in its ability to prune multicast traffic at Gigabit Ethernet speeds. In our tests, the switches could limit the multicast of IGMP...

17/3, K/17(Item 5 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01249564 Supplier Number: 41449993 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
Ascend ISDN Links To Debut: Start-Up Designs Access And Management System For Bandwidth-Intensive Data Applications

Computer Systems News, p32 July 23, 1990

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 522

digital network. Ascend's ISDN access and management system is designed to make the public **network** available to organizations with **bandwidth** -intensive data applications that would otherwise require expensive, dedicated private network facilities. Such applications include...

...to implement and painstaking to manage, the officials said. There are 25 manufacturers of terminal **adapters** , but nobody is

equipment," said Robert Ryan, president addressing host or LAN access and chief executive of Ascend. Added Jay Duncanson, founder and ISDN...

(Item 1 from file: 148) 17/3, K/18DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20334347 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Xedia's Access Point 100 brings IP bandwidth issues under control.

(bridge/router) (Hardware Review)(Evaluation)

Piscitello, David M.

Infoworld, v20, n8, p58D(1)

Feb 23, 1998

ISSN: 0199-6649 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Evaluation

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: LINE COUNT: 00071 817

apply controls at their network "edge" to regulate IP traffic, much the way committed information rate is used by frame -relay providers, to manage backbone **capacity** . Moreover, as ISPs attract subscribers from private-line enterprise networking to virtual networking services over...

...technology provides traffic shaping and control at the IP layer, through policies configured into the **Access Point** itself. Traffic is classified by IP **address**, protocol, and **port**. Hierarchical CBQ traffic classes or "flows" represent an aggregation of traffic or a single connection. You allocate bandwidth and assign priorities to a traffic class, and the CBQ processing at the Access Point shapes traffic over the outbound port... ...PCs connected to an Ethernet switch on the "send" LAN transmitted User Datagram Protocol (UDP) traffic at a sustained rate of 2Mbps through the Access Point 100 bridge to PCs on a shared-medium Ethernet...

...were measured as effective throughput by receiving PCs, in the absence of end-to-end flow control.

Throttling **bandwidth** To demonstrate how Xedia's Access Point could be used to regulate or throttle **bandwidth**, I created a **traffic** class for UDP traffic, set the maximum throughput to 4Mbps, and attempted to push an...

(Item 2 from file: 148) 17/3, K/19DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c)2006 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 08000618 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 17127600 Xyplex announces FocalPoint, the networking market's first suite of graphical configurators for unsurpassed set-up ease.

Business wire, p6261065 June 26, 1995 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext WORD COUNT: 749 LINE COUNT: 00075

as V.35 or RS-232;

o Basic Set-up assigns a configuration password and enters the

router 's IP addresses and system names; o Serial Link Set-up selects the WAN link speed, the link protocol such as **Frame** Relay or X.25, as well as link names, poll timers, and call answering choices...

..arrangement, including selecting the carrier ISDN switch type, enabling ISDN channels, and entering Service Provider Identifiers (SPID) and local numbers;

Interface Configuration configures bridging and routing protocols

and related link association as well as the assignment...

17/3, K/20 (Item 1 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R) File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
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02085302 63377176

The right protocol

Ko. Denny: Woo. Edis

Ko, Denny; Woo, Edison Telephony v239n18 PP: 84-88 Oct 30, 2000

ISSN: 0040-2656 JRNL CODE: TPH

WORD COUNT: 1592

...TEXT: early implementations, MPLS involves the emergence of IP switching that uses label switching technology to **speed** up IP **packet** forwarding with small changes to existing routing protocols. The standardization of MPLS will not require...

...label-switched path can be engineered to avoid a busy router in a large city. Label edge routers insert and remove Level 2 labels as they enter and exit an MPLS backbone network, based upon IP header information-such...

...shows three labelswitched paths, with each one supporting different levels or classes of services. Each **port** on an **label edge router** and **label** switching router may support many **label** -switched paths, with each label-switched path supporting one of the pre-assigned queues or... Internetworking Forum and the Internet Engineering Task Force) will be able to signal the optical **network** for additional **bandwidth** -that is, more wavelengths-during periods of **congestion**.

An optical virtual private **network** (VPN) operates across multiple managed wavelengths as a network that can be dynamically configured and...

17/3,K/21 (Item 2 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
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01532643 01-83631

Vendors announce products for bandwidth management

Fitzloff, Emily

Infoworld v19n45 PP: 62 Nov 10, 1997

ISSN: 0199-6649 JRNL CODE: IFW

WORD COUNT: 289

...ABSTRACT: products, including: 1. Packeteer Inc.'s PacketShaper 1000, which uses TCP rate control to allocate **bandwidth** to inbound and outbound **traffic** that is classified by URL, applications, protocol, TCP **port**, or IP **address**, 2. Xedia Corp.'s **Access Point** 10, which extends its class-based queuing system to include URL traffic classes, and 3...

17/3,K/22 (Item 3 from file: 15)
DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
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00901986 95-51378

Wellfleet-Racal, Microcom focus on remote access

MacAskill, Skip

Network World v11n33 PP: 8 Aug 15, 1994

ISSN: 0887-7661 JRNL CODE: NWW

WORD COUNT: 407

...TEXT: two-, four-and eight-port models previously available.

A new feature automatically assigns an IP address to each server port and, temporarily, to the user dialing in to that port. After the connection is terminated, the server automatically assigns the address to the next dial-in customer.

Other features include a new five-minute install utility...

(Item 1 from file: 647) 17/3, K/23DIALOG(R) File 647: CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

01252629 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: NWC20020610S0019

ELITE SOLUTION SECURES WLANS - SMC's well-rounded EliteConnect System came out on top in our tests. But its rivals can move quickly in a rapidly evolving wireless environment.

Cornell W. Robinson III and Dave Molta NETWORK COMPUTING, 2002, n 1312, PG48 PUBLICATION DATE: 020610

JOURNAL CODE: NWC LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

SECTION HEADING: COVER STORY

WORD COUNT: 5766

use NAT on all your clients. However, you can map NAT addresses to **interface** . We external IP addresses statically using the management found this feature helpful to support our access points without IP addresses , would have been unreachable from the outside network.

ReefEdge offers two versions of its ConnectBridge...

...ConnectBridge 25 for support of a single access point only ; the ConnectBridge 100 supports higher **speed traffic**. The ConnectBridge 25 is limited in capacity. We managed only 8 Mbps of throughput unencrypted

17/3,K/24 (Item 2 from file: 647)
DIALOG(R)File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: NWC20011029S0020

WAVEBASE: A GATEWAY TO WIRELESS HEAVEN - Its broad feature set, solid performance and ability to enable multiple concurrent VPN sessions earned Nexland's SOHO wireless gateway our Editor's Choice award.

Dave Molta

NETWORK COMPUTING, 2001, n 1222, PG53 PUBLICATION DATE: 011029

JOURNAL CODE: NWC LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

SECTION HEADING: Cover Story - REVIEW

WORD COUNT: 5402

VPN dialer software installed. We attempted to connect to the Cisco VPN gateway through the access point . Once one VPN tunnel was established, we would establish another tunnel with a second client behind to see if the device under test could handle multiple point tunnels. If two worked, we would try a third. Most of the access points **failed** after the second **tunnel** , usually by terminating previously established VPN connections.

Security Log test: For our security log test, we ran port scans on

the various access points and checked to see if the logs would report the scans. Hackers often use port...

...the LANguard Port Scanner on a Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional workstation and scanned the WAN port IP addresses of the various access points. We then searched the configuration web pages for logs and looked to see if there...

(Item 3 from file: 647) 17/3.K/25DIALOG(R) File 647: CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: NWC20010402S0021 01234479

Buyer's Guide: 100-Mbps Nics

David A. Harvey

NETWORK COMPUTING, 2001, n 1207, PG104 PUBLICATION DATE: 010402

JOURNAL CODE: NWC LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

SECTION HEADING: WORKSHOP - Infrastructure

WORD COUNT: 1873

side, it's important to understand exactly how NICs fit into the design of your network .

On the server side. **bandwidth** and management requirements dominate. Bandwidth needs are addressed by both processor strength and the number...

...deliver only 100 Mbps. On a very heavily trafficked server, this may not allow optimal access to server resources. To address this problem, multiple- port server cards let you add several connections to a server without eating up precious expansion...
...minihubs or routers for smaller network installations. Because you can bind different protocols and network addresses to each port, multiple connections let you physically separate server-side traffic, creating multiple, separate subnets to access...

17/3,K/26 (Item 4 from file: 647)
DIALOG(R)File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2006 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: CSN19900723S5227 00582675

Ascend ISDN Links To Debut-Start-Up Designs Access And Management System For Bandwidth-Intensive Data Applications

Jim Duffy

COMPUTER SYSTEMS NEWS, 1990, n 476, 32 PUBLICATION DATE: 900723

JOURNAL CODE: CSN LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext WORD COUNT: 533

to implement and painstaking to manage, the officials said.
"There are 25 manufacturers of terminal **adapters**, but nobody is sing host or LAN **access equipment**," said Robert Ryan, president addressing host or LAN access and chief executive of Ascend. Added Jay Duncanson, founder and ISDN...

17/3.K/27(Item 1 from file: 674) DIALOG(R) File 674: Computer News Fulltext (c) 2006 IDG Communications. All rts. reserv. 103651

Buyer's Guide How we did it
Byline: Joel Snyder
Journal: Network World

Page Number:

Publication Date: October 28, 2002 Word Count: 317 Line Count: 32

... ISP environment, we used 128K bit/sec ISDN lines with Lucent Pipelines as our ISDN access devices. The Pipelines handed out "private" (RFC 1918) addresses and performed a Network Address and Port Translation (NAPT) function on all traffic. Inside of one Pipeline devices, we set up the...

 $\dots$  10,000 simultaneous VPN users. We compared deployment and management functions, as well as the **ability** of the **network** to grow to support large user populations. We also looked at flexibility, to evaluate how...

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       95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2006/Apr W2
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S2
                    (EXIT OR TERMINAT??? OR EDGE OR BOUNDARY OR ENTRY OR ENTER-
          96004
S3
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                OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-
ALSE OR EMPTY OR VACANT) (5N) (PATH? ? OR PATHWAY? ? OR CONDUIT?
? OR TRAIL? ? OR LINK? ? OR CHANNEL? ? OR TUNNEL? ? OR PASSA-
                GE? ?)
                    (INCOMPLETE OR UNFINISHED OR PARTIAL OR BROKEN OR DESTROYED
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                 OR LOST OR DISABLED OR UNAVAILABLE OR FAILED OR INVALID OR F-
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                GESTION OR LATENCY OR RATE OR DATARATE OR SPEED)
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S9
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S10
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S11
                    S2 AND S5 AND S8
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                    S2 AND S3:S4 AND S6:S7 AND S8
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                    S2 AND S3:S4 AND S6:S7
S13
                   S2 AND S3:S4 AND S8
S14
                    S11 OR S14
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(Item 1 from file: 8) DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2006 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv. E.I. No: EIP05409404358 Title: Compact neighbor discovery (A bandwidth defense through bandwidth optimization) Author: Mutaf, Pars; Castelluccia, Claude Conference Title: IEEE INFOCOM 2005 FL, United States Conference Date: Conference Location: Miami, 20050313-20050317 Sponsor: IBM; excellence Next, eNext; NSF E.I. Conference No : 65679 Source: Proceedings - IEEE INFOCOM Proceedings - IEEE INFOCOM 2005. The Conference on Computer Communications - 24th Annual Joint Conference of the IEEE Computer and Communications Societies v 4 2005. (IEEE cat n CH37645) Publication Year: 2005 ISSN: 0743-166X CODEN: PINFEZ Language: English Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical) Journal Announcement: 0510w3 Abstract: We present a stateless defense against the Neighbor Discovery Denial-of-Service (ND-DoS) attack in IPv6. The ND-DoS attack consists of remotely flooding a target subnet with bogus packets destined for random interface identifiers ; a different one for each malicious packet. The
128-bit IPv6 address reserves its 64 low-order bits for the interface
. Consequently, the malicious packets are very likely to fall on
previously unresolved addresses and the target access router (or
leaf router) is obligated to resolve these addresses by sending neighbor solicitation packets. Neighbor solicitation packets are link layer multicast (or broadcast), and hence also forwarded by bridges. As a consequence, the attack may consume important bandwidth in subnets with wireless bridges, or **access points**. This problem is particularly important in the presence of mobile IPv6 devices that expect incoming wireless bridges, or sessions from the Internet. In this case, address resolution is crucial for the access router to reliably deliver incoming sessions to idle mobile devices with unknown MAC addresses. We propose a novel neighbor solicitation technique using Bloom filters. Multiple IPv6 addresses router 's address or real) that are waiting in the access resolution queue are compactly represented using a Bloom filter. By broadcasting a single neighbor solicitation message that carries the Bloom filter, multiple IPv6 addresses are concurrently solicited. Legitimate neighbor solicitation triggering packets are not denied service. An on-link host can detect its address in the received Bloom filter and return its MAC address to the access router. A bandwidth gain around 40 can be achieved in all cells of the target subnet. This approach that we call Compact Neighbor Discovery (CND) is the first bandwidth DoS defense that we are aware of to employ a bandwidth optimization. copy 2005 IEEE. 17 Refs. Descriptors: \*Bandwidth; Packet networks; Security of data; Routers; Mobile telecommunication systems; Broadcasting; Optimization Identifiers: Neighbor discovery denial-of-service (ND-DoS); Interface indentifiers; Link layer multicast; Wireless bridges Classification Codes: 716.1 (Information & Communication Theory); 723.2 (Data Processing); (Radio Systems & Equipment); 921.5 (Optimization Techniques) 716 (Electronic Equipment, Radar, Radio & Television); 723 (Computer Software, Data Handling & Applications); 921 (Applied Mathematics)

(ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA

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PROCESSING); 92 (ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS)

E.I. Monthly No: EI9207085703 03454447 Title: Applying the frame relay interface to private networks. Author: Cavanagh, James P. Corporate Source: StrataCom Source: IEEE Communications Magazine v 30 n 3 Mar 1992 p 48-54, 63-6 Publication Year: 1992 CODEN: ICOMD9 ISSN: 0163-6804 Language: English
Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: A; (Applications) Journal Announcement: 9207 Abstract: Frame relay is a standardized interface that provides multiplexed access to bandwidth-on-demand backbone networks and delivers LAN-like performance over a wide area. It is shown that use of frame relay can benefit private networks. The multiplexed physical interface reduces the number of ports required on expensive bridge, router, and controller equipment, as well as the number of expensive communications facilities required to interconnect the bridges, routers, and controllers. Frame relay's data link connection **identifier** (DLCI) addressing allows a single frame-relay access device to communicate as if directly attached to nearly 1000 other access **devices** . The bandwidth-on-demand characteristics gives end systems and intermediate systems the appearance of having far more bandwidth available than they physically have dedicated, and the optional local management interface (LMI) extensions simplify the configuration and management of frame-relay-based networks. Most important is that the application of **frame** relay interfaces reduces the **latency** of private networks. 12 Refs. Descriptors: \*COMPUTER NETWORKS--\*Wide Area Networks; COMPUTER INTERFACES MULTIPLEXING; DATA TRANSMISSION--Packet Switching Identifiers: FRAME RELAY INTERFACES ; PRIVATE NETWORKS; BACKBONE NETWORKS; DATA LINK CONNECTION IDENTIFIER; LOCAL MANAGEMENT INTERFACE; FAST PACKET BACKBONE Classification Codes: 723 (Computer Software); 722 (Computer Hardware); 718 (Telephone & Line Communications) (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 71 (ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATIONS) 15/5/3 (Item 1 from file: 144) DIALOG(R) File 144: Pascal (c) 2006 INIST/CNRS. All rts. reserv. PASCAL No.: 04-0137063 FPAC: Fast, fixed-cost authentication for access to reserved resources IEEE Infocom 2002 : New York NY, 23-27 June 2002 CALVERT Kenneth L; VENKATRAMAN Srinivasan; GRIFFIOEN James N Laboratory for Advanced Networking, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky, United States Conference on computer communicationsIEEE Communications Society. Annual Conference, 21IEEE Computer Society. Annual Conference, 21 (USA) 2002-06-23 Journal: Proceedings - IEEE Infocom, 2002 1049-1058 ISBN: 0-7803-7476-2 ISSN: 0743-166X Availability: INIST-Y 37882; 354000117749251120 No. of Refs.: 19 ref. Document Type: P (Serial); C (Conference Proceedings); A (Analytic) Country of Publication: United States Language: English **network** services often involve allocating resources (/buffer space) preferentially to **packets** belonging to certain Enhanced bandwidth flows or traffic classes. Such services are vulnerable to denial-of-service attacks if packet classification is based on information that can be forged, such as source and destination addresses and port numbers. Traditional message authentication codes (MACs), often considered the only solution to this problem, are really not designed to solve it. In

particular, their per-packet costs are so high that they enable another form of denial-of-service attack based on overwhelming the verification mechanism. We describe the problem of denial of access to reserved resources and the inadequacies of conventional solutions. We then observe that it is reasonable to trade some of the strong security guarantees provided by conventional MACs for a lower per-packet cost. We propose a new packet authentication algorithm, designed to solve the problem of protecting reserved resources, with a very low, fixed per-packet cost. While it cannot replace conventional MACs for end-to-end authentication, we argue that it is a better solution for the problem considered here. We present measurements from a prototype implementation that can verify a packet of arbitrary size in as few as 1000 machine cycles on an Intel architecture machine.

English Descriptors: Message authentication; Computer network;
Telecommunication services; Network service; Resource allocation; Buffer system; Traffic flow; Denial of service; Automatic classification;
Access control; Computer security; Algorithm; Prototype;
Implementation; Signal classification; Computer attack
French Descriptors: Authentification message; Reseau ordinateur; Service telecommunication; Service reseau; Allocation ressource; Systeme tampon; Ecoulement trafic; Deni service; Classification automatique; Controle acces; Securite informatique; Algorithme; Prototype; Implementation; Classification signal; Attaque informatique